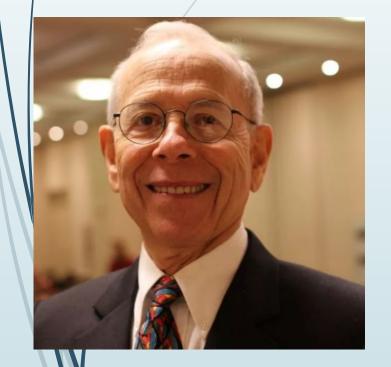
МИНОБРНАУКИ РОССИИ ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ АВТОНОМНОЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ «ЮЖНЫЙ ФЕДЕРАЛЬНЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ»

ИНСТИТУТ СОЦИОЛОГИИ И РЕГИОНОВЕДЕНИЯ 41.04.01 - ЗАРУБЕЖНОЕ РЕГИОНОВЕДЕНИЕ

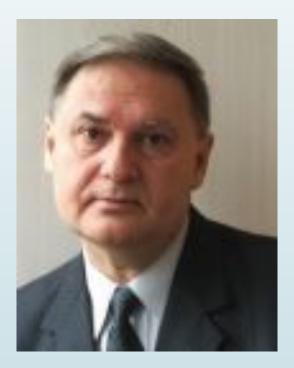
## **SECESSION CONFLICTS IN SOCIAL SCIENCES**

Graduate student Ermilova Irina

РОСТОВ-НА-ДОНУ 2018 Among foreign and Russian researchers D. Horowitz, L. Snyder, Ryabtsev V. N., Grigorieva Yu. G.







## Horowitz believes that...

? The growth of secession conflicts is quite a natural phenomenon of the post-war period. This is one of the possible strategies of the peoples to defend justice and defend themselves against the threats that have been faced by national minorities in Europe during the war period

## Ryabtsev, in turn, considered...

? such conflicts structurally and identified a number of basic criteria, such as the depth of tension between the subjects in retrospect, high cruelty and their impact on international security and others.



? secession and separatism, showing that one of the key points of such conflicts is the political struggle for full independence and the refusal to compromise.

"secession" " secession conflict" and "separatism"



- ? secession is the separation of a part of a territory from a given state by the decision of its population or the authorities acting in that territory;
- ? exit from the state of any administrative-territorial unit, and from the Federal state-its subject by decision of the population, adopted by referendum, or the authorities of the unit, subject.



? secession conflict is a clash of interests, opinions on the axis of "center-periphery" on its (periphery) legal, cultural, territorial and international status



? separatism is an image, activity, principle or practice developed for a complete exit from a centralized political organism. He notes that extremist activists deny autonomy or semi-autonomy, considering them insufficient measures, calling for full separation