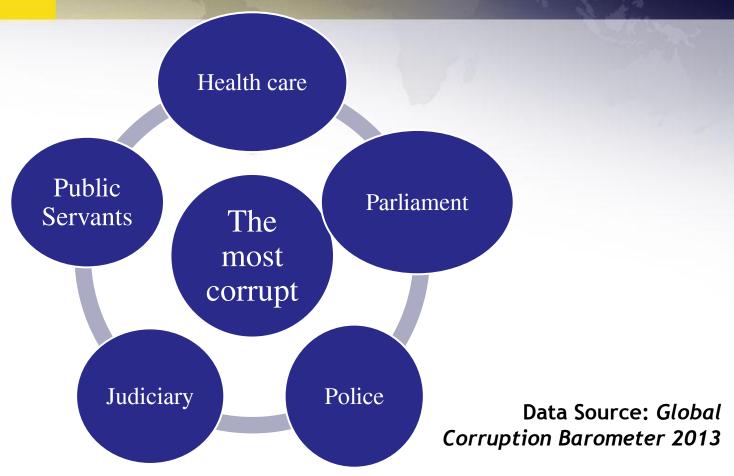
Anti-corruption efforts in Ukraine

"Corruption is no longer a local matter but a transnational phenomenon that affects all societies and economies."

PREAMBLE - UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION AGAINST CORRUPTION 2003

- Corruption is a widespread and growing problem in Ukrainian society.
- In 2014's Transparency International Corruption
 Perceptions Index Ukraine was ranked <u>142nd</u> out of
 the 175 countries investigated (tied with Uganda
 and the Comoros).
- Back in 2007 Ukraine had taken <u>118th</u> place (179 countries investigated that year).
- Ernst & Young (in 2012) put Ukraine among the three most corrupt nations of the world together with Colombia and Brazil.





- 74% of Ukrainians would not report the incident of corruption
 - ✓ 24% are afraid of the consequences
 - ✓ 50% believe that it would not make any difference

Data Source: Global Corruption Barometer 2013



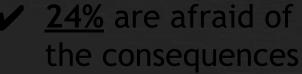
But Every 3 Lkrainian is ready to protest against



Data Source: Global Corruption Barometer 2013

The question is how to fight corruption in totally ecorruption in totally ecorruption

society?



✓ <u>50%</u> believe that it would not make any difference

Data Source: Global Corruption Barometer 2013

Anti-corruption legislation

• On 14th of October 2014 Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine adopted the law No.1699 which defined the general principles of anti-corruption policy in Ukraine (anti-corruption strategy) for 2014-2017 years.

Anti-corruption legislation

- New state program contains a clear sequence of actions for implementation of the recently adopted anti-corruption legislation and specific realistic measures with strict deadlines.
- The main executors will be <u>The National</u>
 <u>Agency for the Prevention of</u>
 <u>Corruption (NAPC) together with The</u>
 <u>National Anti-Corruption Bureau</u>

The National Anti-Corruption Bureau

What is it?

• is a **Ukrainian Government Anti-corruption agency** which was established in 2014 after its predecessor, the **National Anti-Corruption Committee**

What it does?

• investigates corruption in Ukraine and prepares cases for prosecution.

How it is organized?

- NAB is a central apparatus with 7 territorial divisions
- The agency employs 1,200 people in seven regional offices.

The National Agency for the Prevention of Corruption (NAPC)

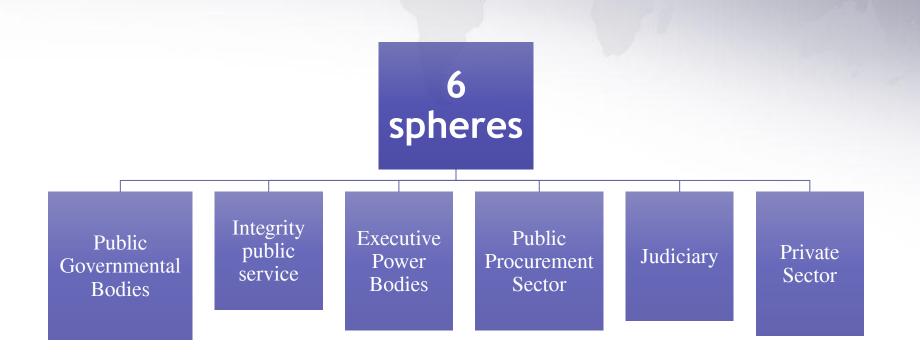
- Is planned to be established by the end of April 2015
- Will focus on the prevention of corruption by monitoring government officials' lifestyles

Anti-corruption Strategy Of Ukraine For 2014-2017



Shaping and pursuance of state anti-corruption policy

- Establish anti-corruption coordinating body
- Assess corruption level on annual basis
- Implement international government standards
- Conduct regular anti-corruption information campaign



- Sphere 1. Corruption prevention in public governmental bodies
- Conduct anti-corruption expertise of election legislature
- 2. Restart financing of political parties at budget expense
- 3. Implement clear prevention policy of conflicts of interests
- 4. Establish transparent lobbying principles
- 5. Ensure civil control over decisions taken by elected officials

- Sphere 2. Establishment of integrity public service
- 1. Amend the law "On public service" according to SIGMA standards
- Establish system for declaring of public officials property, incomes and expenses
- 3. Set up control bodies over public servants ethic standards
- 4. Adopt the law on information provider protection
- 5. Conduct control over top-officials integrity

- Sphere 3.
 Anti-corruption policy in executive power bodies
- Adopt anti-corruption programs for state and municipal enterprises
- 2. Constitute
 anti-corruption
 committees
 (departments) in
 executive power bodies
 and private enterprises
- 3. Update approaches to anti-corruption policy

- Sphere 4.
 Anti-corruption policy in public procurement sector
- Reform the law "On public procurement" under international standards
- Create Database of unfair participants of tender bid
- 3. Implement electronic procurement system

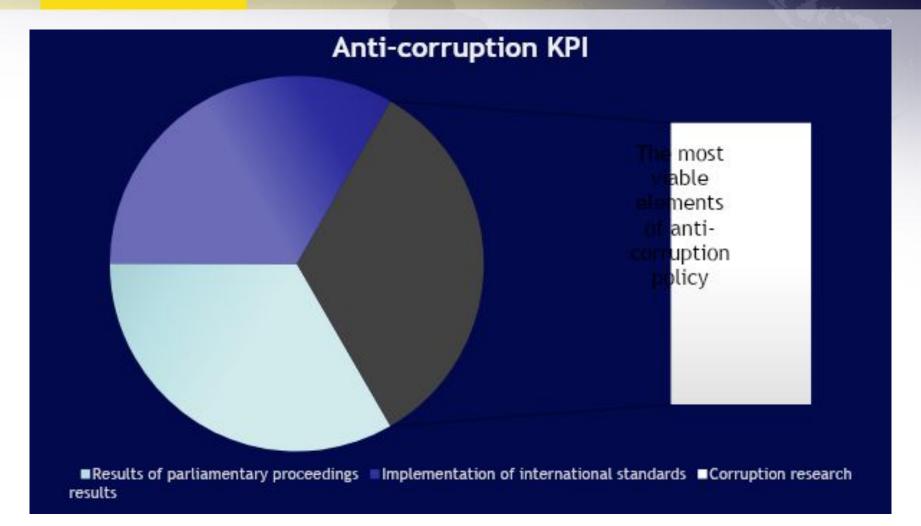
- Sphere 5. Anti-corruption policy in judicial system
- 1. Diminish scope of judges immunities
- 2. Pursue policy to prevent conflicts of judges
- 3. Set up control over property, income, expenses declared by judges
- Constitute a body controlling integrity of judges
- 5. Hold anti-corruption trainings and test judges on professional qualification

- Sphere 6. Anti-corruption policy in private sector
- 1. Deregulate national economy
- 2. Conduct administrative and judicial reforms
- 3. Conduct reform of law enforcement and controlling bodies
- 4. Prevent access of corrupted business-companies to public sources
- 5. Put responsibility for corruption on legal entities
- 6. Provide access to Uniform State Register of legal and private entities
- 7. Establish Business Ombudsman Institute
- 8. Work out a strategy for private sector
- 9. Conduct information and educational anti-corruption campaign

Penalty for corruption

- Amend Criminal Code further to GRECO recommendations
- 2. Deprive corrupted persons of illegal property
- Constitute a body to search and detain the seized property
- Constitute accountable body on investigation corruption crimes
- 5. Implement incentive mechanisms to detect corruption practices
- Create Uniform State Register of legal entities charged with corruption

Key Performance Indicator (KPI)



Conclusion

- Effective anti-corruption policy will boost Ukraine to the summit of the Doing Business Ranking
- Will create a positive image of our country worldwide
- Will attract new FDIs (foreign direct investments)
- Resurrect public trust to the state system

THANK YOU FOR YO ATTENTION! WE ARE HAPPY TO **ANSWER YOUR QUESTIONS!**