Buckingham Palace





Queen Victoria

Buckingham Palace has been the London residence of British kings and queens since **Queen Victoria** came to the throne in **1837**.

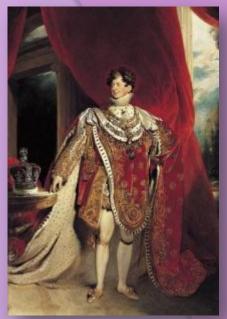
Buckingham Palace built in 1703 by John
Sheffield, Duke of Buckingham.
King George III bought the house in 1762
as a town dwelling for Queen Charlotte,
and they occupied it as a private residence.



John Sheffield

The present palace – building work started in 1825 – was designed by John Nash, who commissioned by King George IV.

The east- or front-wing of the palace, the part most familiar to the public today, was built in **1847** and refaced in Portland stone in **1913**.



George IV



Buckingham Palace has **775** rooms. These include **19** State rooms, **52** Royal and guest bedrooms, **188** staff bedrooms, **92** offices and **78** bathrooms.

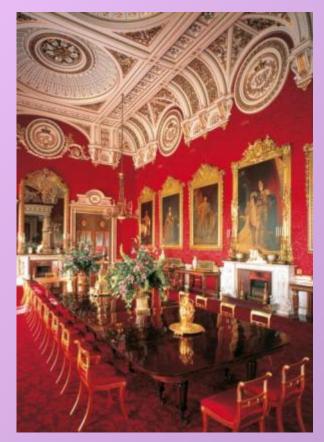


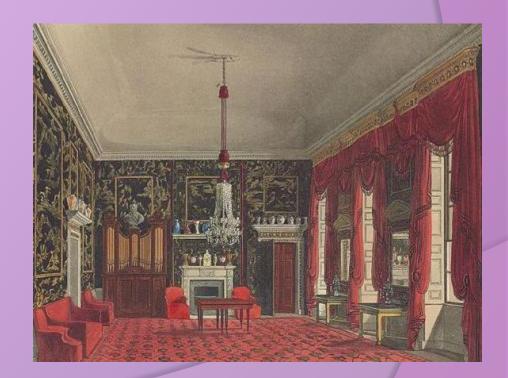
Grand Hall

The State apartments are in the west wing of the palace and are approached by the **Grand Hall** and **Grand Staircase**. The **Ballroom**, the largest of the apartments, built for Queen Victoria in the 1850s, is used for State banquets and investitures.



The **Queen's private apartments** are in the north wing and on the opposite side is **Queen's Gallery**, which since **1962** has been open to the public, showing works of the art from the royal collection.





The Queen's Breakfast Room

The State Dining Room

The **palace garden** are used for the royal garden parties; the Royal Mews, or stables, on the south of the palace grounds, house the carriages, horses and royal cars and also open to the public on certain afternoons each week.

