Customs and traditions

OF GREAT BRITAIN

Every nation and every country has its own customs and traditions. Britain is different from our own country. This is natural. In Britain traditions play a more important part in the life of the people than in other countries. Englishmen are proud of their traditions

and carefully keep them up.



Traditions are very important for the British

Left-hand transport

English breakfast is famous for it is solidity

British value home and relatives

British love animals

Sport games: golf ,cricket , polo

British value pure English language

The most important holidays are Christmas and Easter



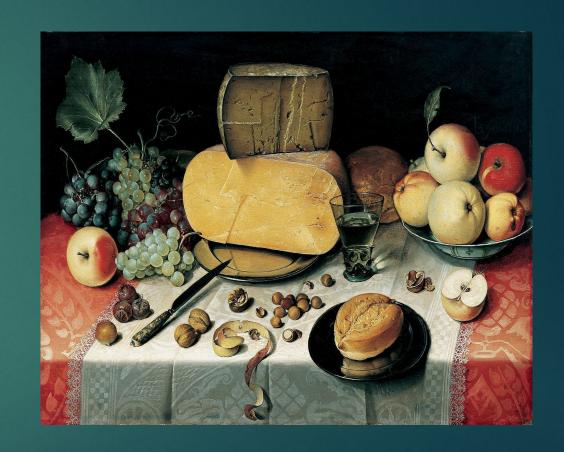
It is not enough to know only language for understanding people, it is important to know their culture



- There are some similarities in the cultures of both countries, but there are a lot of differences.
- It is important to study linguistic and cultural guides, the Internet, and visit other countries

The Traditional English Breakfast

A full breakfast is a breakfast meal, usually consisting of bacon, sausages, and eggs, often served with a variety of side dishes and a beverage such as coffee or tea. It is especially popular in the UK and Ireland and in UK-influenced cultures, including the United States, Australia, New Zealand, Canada and South Africa. It is sometimes referred to as an English breakfast or a "full English breakfast".





Christmas or Christmas Day (Old

English: Crīstesmæsse, meaning "Christ's Mass") is an annual festival commemorating the birth of Jesus Christ, [7][8] observed most commonly on December 25[4][9][10] as a religious and cultural celebration among billions of people around the world. [2][11][12] A feast central to the Christian liturgical year, it is prepared for by the season of Advent or Nativity Fast and is prolonged by the Octave of Christmas and further by the season of Christmastide. Christmas Day is a public holiday in many of the world's nations, [13][14][15] is celebrated culturally by a large number of non-Christian people, [11][16][17] and is an integral part of the Christmas and holiday season.

The week before Easter is called <u>Holy Week</u>, and it contains the days of the <u>Easter Triduum</u>, including <u>Maundy Thursday</u>, commemorating the <u>Maundy</u> and <u>Last Supper</u>, ^{[10][11]} as well as <u>Good Friday</u>, commemorating the <u>crucifixion and death of Jesus</u>. ^[12] In western Christianity, <u>Eastertide</u>, the Easter Season, begins on Easter Sunday and lasts seven weeks, ending with the coming of the fiftieth day, <u>Pentecost Sunday</u>. In Orthodoxy, the season of Pascha begins on Pascha and ends with the coming of the fortieth day, the <u>Feast of the Ascension</u>.

