



Field cropping

Glossary

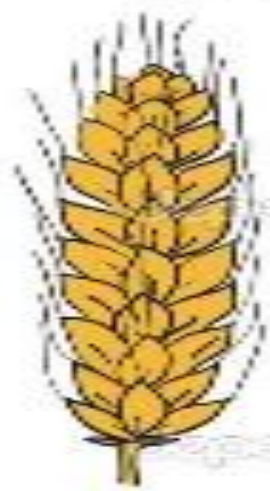
- **A plant-grower-** is industry of agriculture, engaging in till of agricultural cultures.
-
- **An agrotechnics-** is technology of plant-grower; system of receptions of till of agricultural culture
 - **Rotation:** the changing of the specific fields used for one crop year to year
 - **Gluten** (from Latin gluten, "glue") -is a mixture of proteins found in wheat and related grains, including barley, rye, oat
 - **A nutrient** is a component in foods that an organism uses to survive and grow
 - **Field –cropping** -is industry of plant-grower



Grain Crops

Grain crops are a major in economic activity of man group of the tilled plants, giving grain, basic food of man stuff, raw material for many industries of industry and feed for agricultural animals

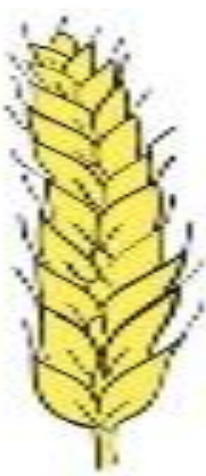
Cereals



Wheat



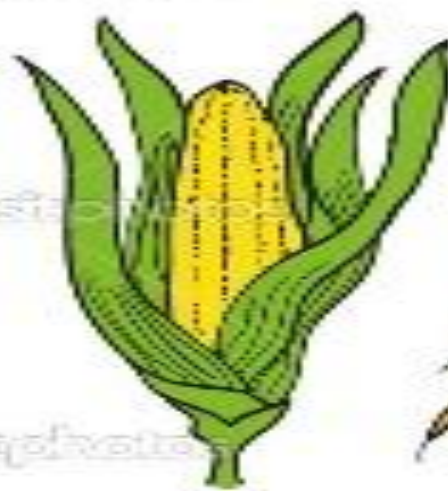
Barley



Rye



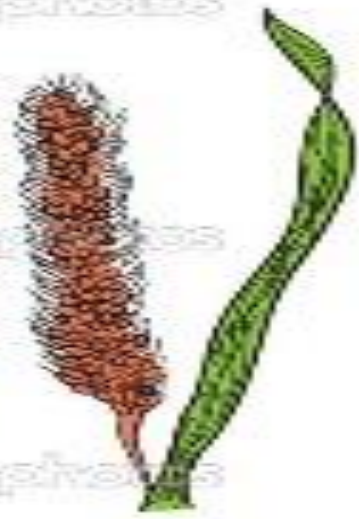
Rice



Maize



Oats



Millet

Wheat is a cereal grain



Barley



Oat

sometimes called the common oat, is a species of cereal grain grown for its seed, which is known by the same name (usually in the plural, unlike other cereals and pseudocereals)





Cornstarch (maize flour) is a major ingredient in home cooking and in many industrialized food products. Maize is also a major source of cooking oil (corn oil) and of maize gluten.



Questions:

- 1. What cultures do behave to grain-growing?**
- 2. What culture does contain a 71 % carbohydrate?**
- 3. That does distinguish our wheat from other countries?**
- 4. Name the middle productivity of wheat in Kazakhstan?**
- 5. From what culture does prepare beer?**

Thank you for your attention

