



Great Britain- Southeast

Some information about this location

- The South-East of England occupies 19,096 km² (third place among the regions)
- There is one of the most important ports of the UK, Southampton
- Four of the twenty-four professional football clubs playing in the Football League, based in South East England



Attractions of the region

Blenheim Palace


Canterbury Cathedral

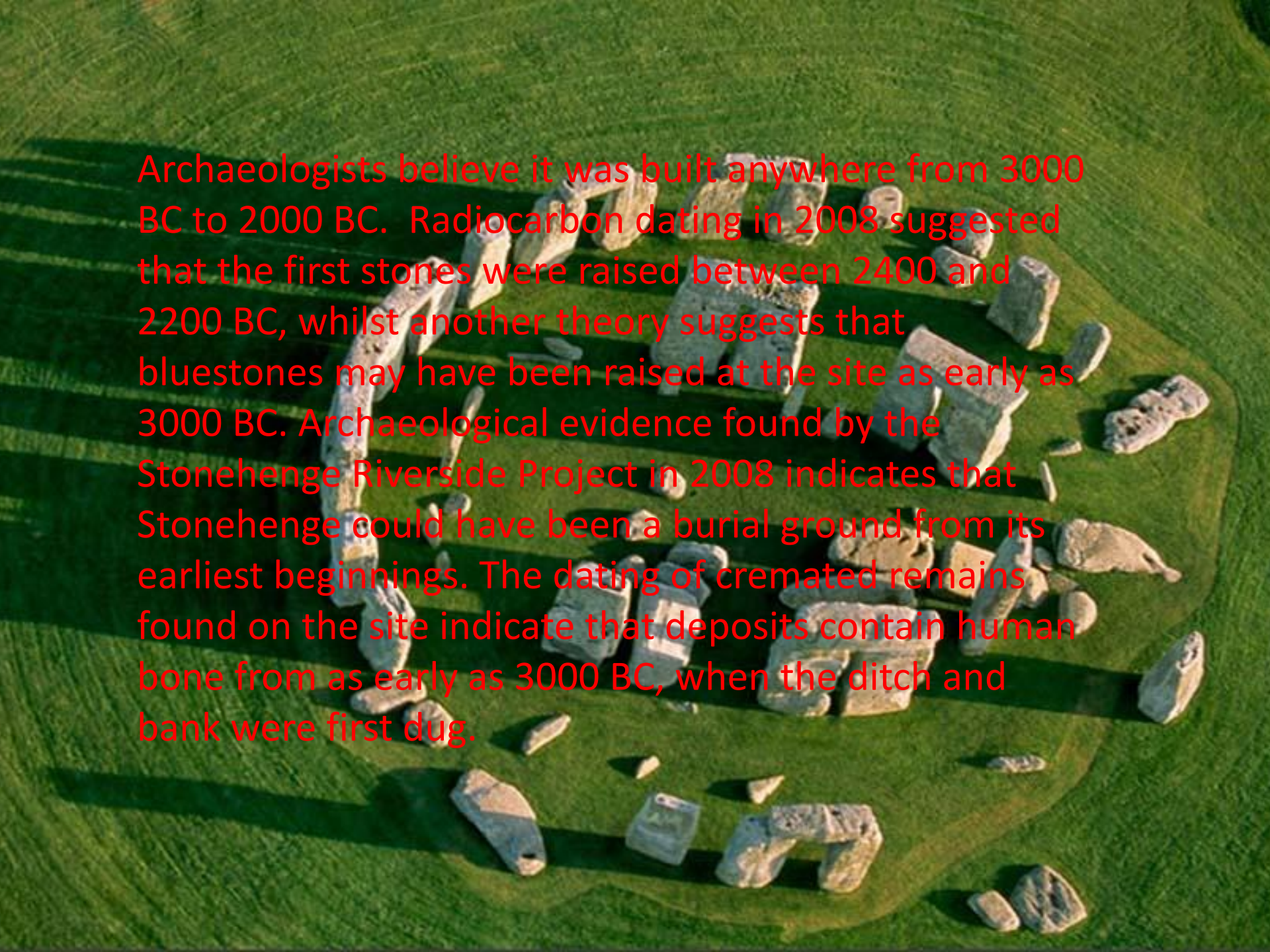
St Augustine's Abbey



STONEHENGE.

Stonehenge is a prehistoric monument in the English county of Wiltshire, about 2 miles (3.2 km) west of Amesbury and 8 miles (13 km) north of Salisbury. One of the most famous sites in the world.

A wide-angle photograph of the Stonehenge monument in Wiltshire, England. The ancient stone structures are arranged in their characteristic circular formation on a lush green grassy plain. The sky is a vibrant blue, filled with large, fluffy white cumulus clouds. In the distance, a line of trees and a few small figures of people can be seen, providing a sense of scale to the massive prehistoric site.

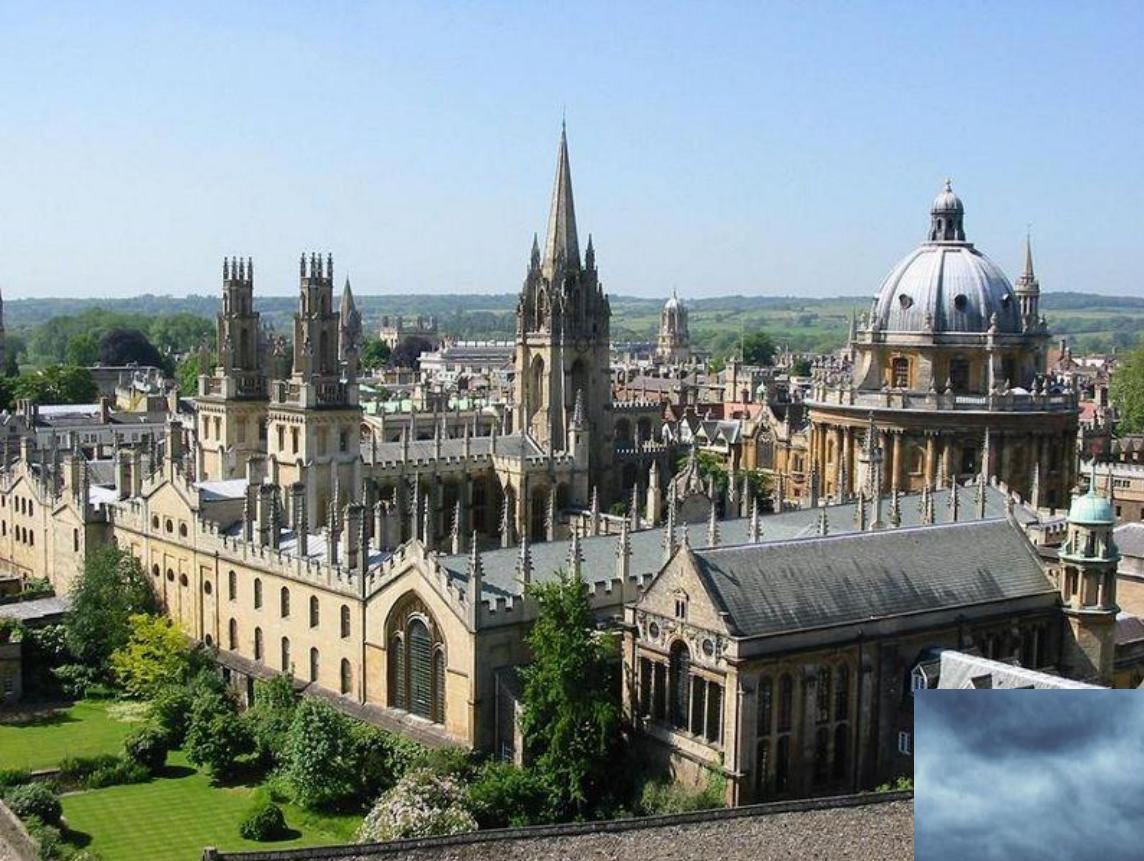
An aerial photograph of the Stonehenge megalithic monument in England. The stones are arranged in their characteristic circular and rectangular patterns on a lush green field. The lighting is bright, casting distinct shadows from the stones onto the grass.

Archaeologists believe it was built anywhere from 3000 BC to 2000 BC. Radiocarbon dating in 2008 suggested that the first stones were raised between 2400 and 2200 BC, whilst another theory suggests that bluestones may have been raised at the site as early as 3000 BC. Archaeological evidence found by the Stonehenge Riverside Project in 2008 indicates that Stonehenge could have been a burial ground from its earliest beginnings. The dating of cremated remains found on the site indicate that deposits contain human bone from as early as 3000 BC, when the ditch and bank were first dug.

Canterbury Cathedral

The main Anglican church of the country, in the Middle Ages after by order of Henry was murdered Archbishop Thomas Beckett, became a place of pilgrimage.





Bath - elegant
lively town, built
of local stone
and golden.

South West England is rich in
historical sites. Oxford - the
world-famous university
town, founded in the XII
century.

