

Let's exercise.....

# Present Perfect



# Present Perfect

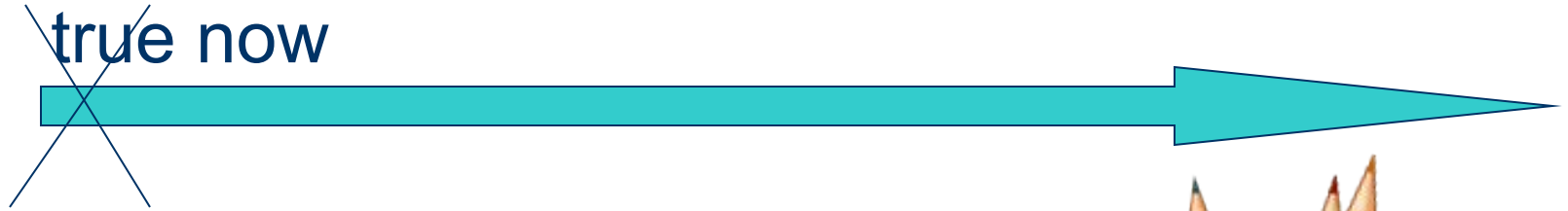


- ***Experiences***
- Verb Tense used to discuss experiences in the past and completed events and actions up to and including the present time



# Three Main Uses of Present Perfect

- Use 1
- Something that started in the past and still true now



*Examples:*



# Three Uses of Present Perfect

- Use 2
- Indefinite past action  
(time unspecified, unstated, or unknown)



*Examples:*

~~?~~



# Three Uses of Present Perfect

- Use 3
- Repeated past action



*Examples:*

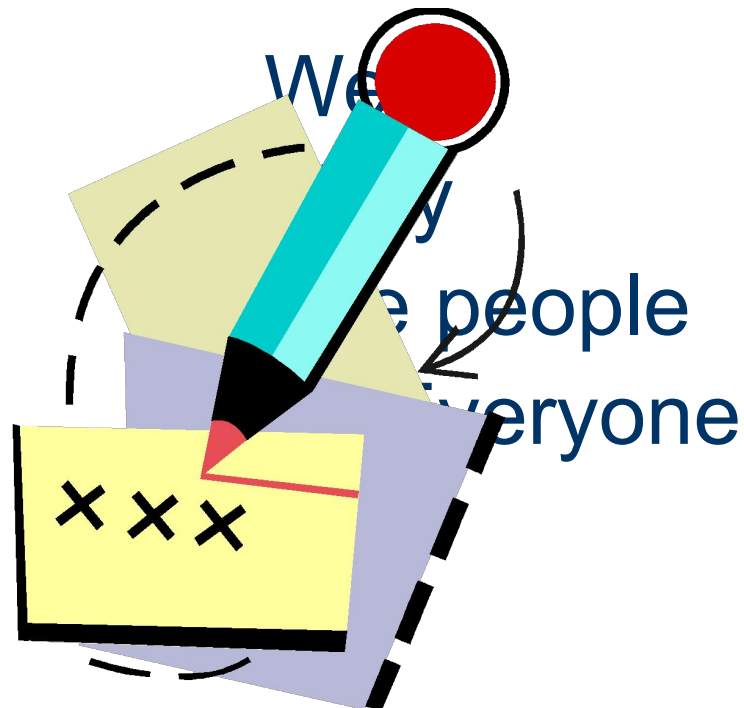




# Form of Present Perfect

Subject + have / has + past participle

I  
You  
He  
She  
It

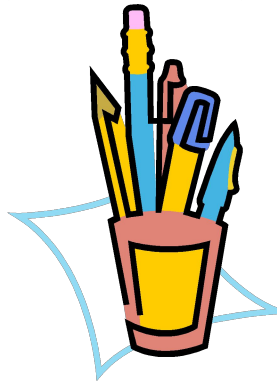


# Past Participles



What is a past participle?

- For regular past tense verbs, the –ed form: *liked, walked, worked, talked*
- For irregular past verbs, **memorize:** *been, seen, had, eaten, shown, written*





# Key words for present perfect

- **Already** = (adv.) before now

I have already finished my homework.



**Not yet** = (adv.) not before now

Scientists have not yet discovered a cure.





# Key words for present perfect

- **Never** = (adv.) not at any time in the past, including now

I have never seen  
such a beautiful sunset!



- **Ever** = (adv.) at any time, including the present  
\*\* Used only in questions

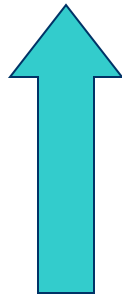
Have you ever ridden a horse?



# Reminder about Adverb Placement

- With two verbs (auxiliary and main verb), place the adverb between them

I have never eaten raw fish.



# Key words for present perfect

- **Before** = *at some time in the past behind the present time*

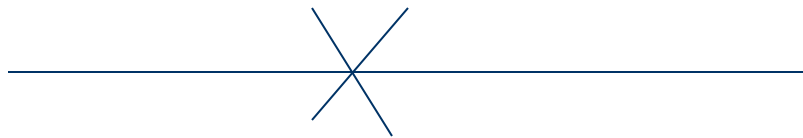
I have been to Las Vegas before.



- **Several times, many times, a few times, a couple of times, a lot of times** = *for indefinite or repeated past actions*

# Key words for present perfect

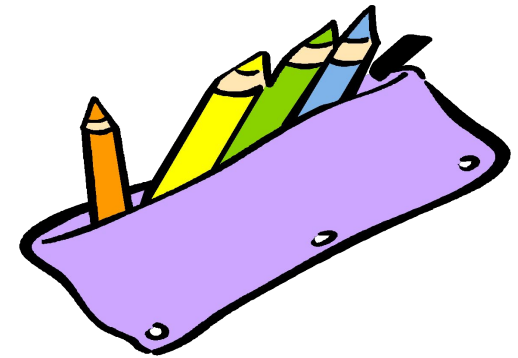
- *Since* and *for*
- *Since + specific point in the past when the action started*



- *For + duration, length of time*



# Practice: since or for ?



\_\_\_\_\_ January

\_\_\_\_\_ 10 years

\_\_\_\_\_ Monday

\_\_\_\_\_ 12 noon

\_\_\_\_\_ I got up

\_\_\_\_\_ 5 minutes

\_\_\_\_\_ a long time ago

\_\_\_\_\_ four days

\_\_\_\_\_ 6:00

\_\_\_\_\_ Wednesday

\_\_\_\_\_ a month

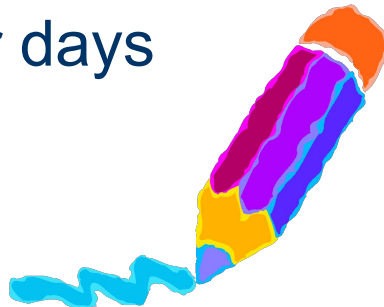
\_\_\_\_\_ two days ago

\_\_\_\_\_ November 1

\_\_\_\_\_ 2004

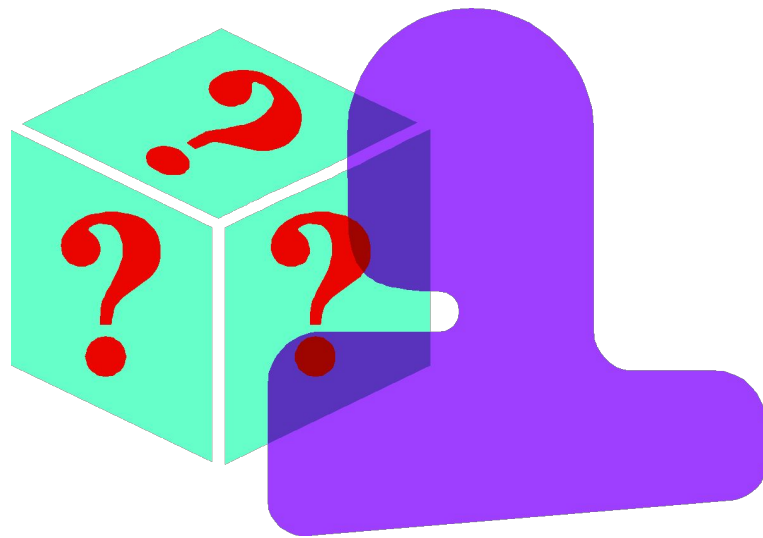
\_\_\_\_\_ an hour

\_\_\_\_\_ I was young



# Any Questions about Present Perfect?

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# Comparatives

To compare two people, things, places or actions use:

- Comparative adjectives
- Comparative adverbs (for actions)
- Less + adjective/ adverb
- (not) as + adjective/ adverb + as

# Comparative adjectives: regular

adjective	comparative	
short	shorter	one syllable: add -er
big	bigger	one vowel + one consonant: double final consonant
busy	busier	consonant + y: y +-ier
relaxed	more relaxed	two or more syllables: more + adjective



# Comparative adjectives: irregular

adjective	comparative
good	<b>better</b>
bad	<b>worse</b>
far	<b>further</b>

# Comparative adverbs:

comparative adverbs: regular

quickly	<b>more</b> quickly
slowly	<b>more</b> slowly

irregular

hard	<b>harder</b>
well	<b>better</b>
badly	<b>worse</b>

# Superlatives

adjective	comparative	superlative
cold	colder	<b>the coldest</b>
hot	hotter	<b>the hottest</b>
pretty	prettier	<b>the prettiest</b>
beautiful	more beautiful	<b>the most beautiful</b>
good	<b>better</b>	<b>the best</b>
bad	<b>worse</b>	<b>the worst</b>
far	further	<b>the furthest</b>