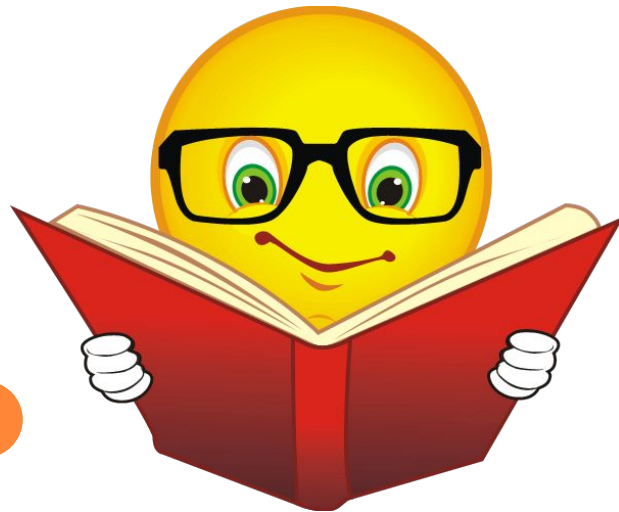
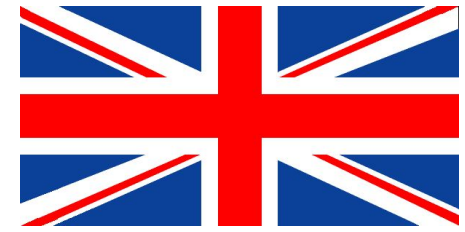


**PRESENTATION ON THE ENGLISH
LANGUAGE ON THE TOPIC: NATION
AND NATIONALITY WORDS**



Fulfilled: Julia Behovskaya



- In modern English words denoting nationality and ending in -an, -s, can be both adjectives and nouns.



An American book (американская книга)

An American (американец)

The Americans (американцы)

Several Americans (несколько американцев)

That American's speech (речь того американца)



Adjective	People. Representatives of a Nation.		Nation
	Singular	Plural	
I. Adjectives ending in –an add –s for the plural. It is also true for Czech, Greek, Thai.			
American	An American	Americans	The Americans
Belgian	A Belgian	Belgians	The Belgians
Bulgarian	A Bulgarian	Bulgarians	The Bulgarians
Canadian	A Canadian	Canadians	The Canadians
German	A German	Germans	The Germans
Italian	An Italian	Italians	The Italians
Mexican	A Mexican	Mexicans	The Mexicans
Norwegian	A Norwegian	Norwegians	The Norwegians
Czech	A Czech	Czechs	The Czechs
Greek	A Greek	Greeks	The Greeks
Thai	A Thai	Thais	The Thais

□ -ese [iz] - suffix adjective denoting nationality, forms adjectives from nouns - names of countries, such as:

Japan [dze'paen] Япония- Japanese [dzepe'ni: z] Японский

the Japanese – японцы

a Japanese – японец

two young Japanese – два молодых японца



こけのむすまで

いわおとなりて

さざれ石の

千代に八千代に

君が代は

Adjective	People. Representatives of a Nation.		Nation
	Singular	Plural	

II. Adjectives ending in -ese, -ss do not add -s for the plural.

Chinese	A Chinese	Chinese people	The Chinese
Japanese	A Japanese	Japanese people	The Japanese
Portuguese	A Portuguese	Portuguese people	The Portuguese
Swiss	A Swiss	Swiss people	The Swiss



- This group also includes the adjectives denoting nationality and ending in –sh; -ch.



the French – французы

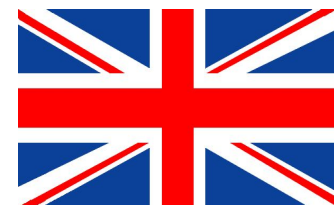
the Spanish – испанцы

the Dutch – голландцы

the English – англичане

the British – британцы

the Irish – ирландцы



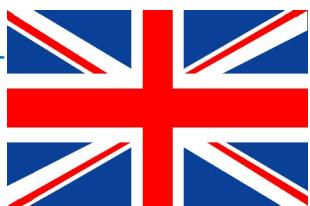
In what country do the English live?

(В какой стране живут англичане?)



- These adjectives mean substantivized nation as a whole. To refer to individual members of the nation, these adjectives with nouns man and woman form compound

word



an Englishman (an Englishwoman) – англичанин
(англичанка)

a Frenchman (a Frenchwoman) – француз (француженка)

a Dutchman (a Dutchwoman) – голландец (голландка)

a Scotsman (a Scotswoman) – шотландец (шотландка)

an Irishman (an Irishwoman) – ирландец (ирландка)

Ис

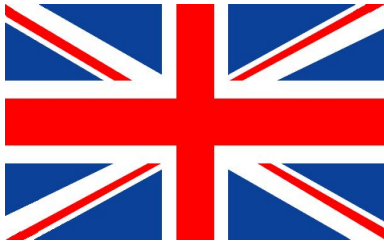


Spaniard –



анка)





Adjective	People. Representatives of a Nation.		Nation
	Singular	Plural	

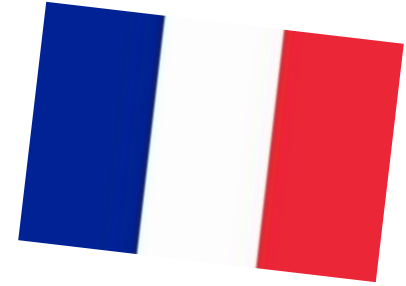
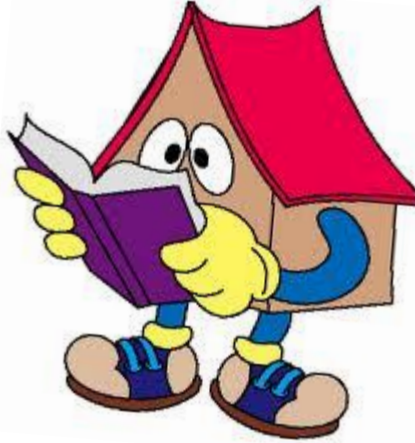
III. Some adjectives ending in –sh or –ch are used neither to name representatives of a nation or or a nation or a nation as a whole we use special nouns for both.

British	A Briton A Britisher	Britons Britishers	The British
Dutch	A Dutchman A Dutchwoman	Dutchmen Dutchwomen Dutch people	The Dutch
English	An Englishman An Englishwoman	Englishmen Englishwomen English people	The English
Finnish	A Finn	Finns	The Finnish

Adjective	People. Representatives of a Nation.		Nation
	Singular	Plural	
French	A Frenchman A Frenchwoman	Frenchmen Frenchwomen French people	The French
Irish	An Irishman An Irishwoman	Irishmen Irishwomen Irish people	The Irish
Scottish	A Scot	Scots	The Scottish
Spanish	A Spaniard	Spaniards	The Spanish
Welsh	A Welshman A Welshwoman	Welshmen Welshwomen Welsh people	The Welsh



FRANCE



Example:

She comes from France. She is French. Her nationality is French. She is a Frenchwoman. She drives a French car. She speaks French.



- As a predicate to denote nationality mainly used adjectives.



I am not English, I am Russian. – Я не англичанин, я русский.

Proposals of this type are more commonly used than a sentence like: I am not Englishman, I am a Russia.

