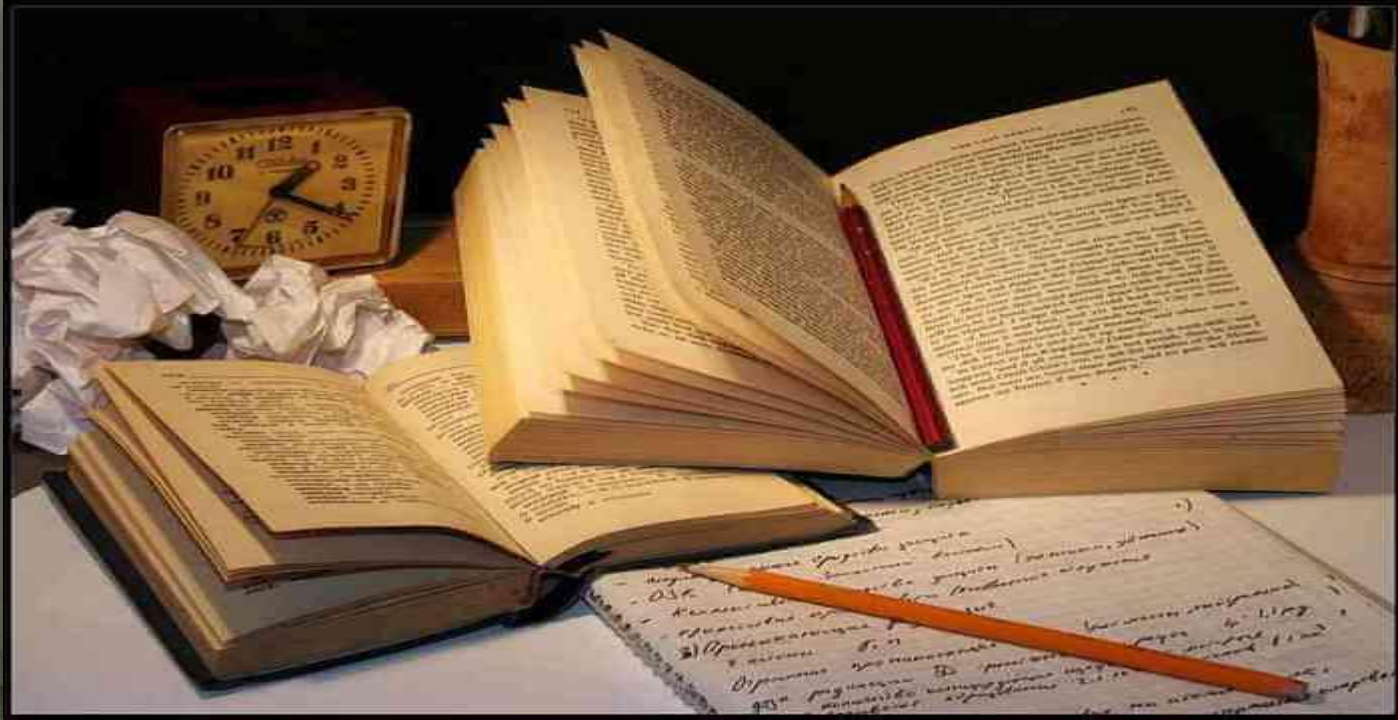


Scientific writing style

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The scientific style of the text - it is the language of science, the scientific scope. Genres in which it operates, mainly written:

- research papers and notes,
- manuals and monographs,
- reviews and annotations,
- course, degree and master's works for the protection or scientific degree.



Research manifestation of style and language. The literal meaning of the words used, it said. The image of the words a little, there are more word. Contains complex thoughts, information, evidence, based on the formulas.

The aim of the research style to reveal the specifics of objects and phenomena, data transmission.



This contains the main feature of the idea of the style complex, reference, and is based on the formula to the evidence. Scientific style types: purely scientific style of small, research-textbook style, a small majority of the scientific style. The scientific content of the style features: accuracy, objectivity, consistency. The main feature of the lexical terms of research style. The terms of science and technology, art and politics certain

saoasinda goldanilatınnaqtı the name of the concept of a single word or phrase.



Scientific-style research monographs, books, articles, research reports, dissertations, essays, reports, abstracts, patents. There are two types of scientific style. One style is fully formed, the second scientific style of failures works differently. Scientific style has its own structural system: the text of the scientific, engineering, design evaluation, aims and objectives of the scientific research, scientific text external elements, introduction, chapters, conclusion.



Scientific metaphors match in style, imagery, whose artistic property. There are a lot of sentences that are named as verb phrases. There are different types of oral and written research style. Unlike the oral form of written events can say that the freedom of style.

For the transfer of scientific information are widely used elements of "artificial" language - graphics:

- 1) graphs, charts, blocks, drawings, paintings;
- 2) formulas and symbols;
- 3) The specific terms and lexical features of scientific stilya- for example, the names of physical quantities, mathematical symbols, etc.

The material in the scientific and popular literature close to the neutral, *obscheliteraturnogo* as reader offers a specially selected facts, interesting aspects, fragments of historical reconstructions. The form of presentation of such data must be accessible to non-specialists, therefore, the selection of material, the system of evidence and examples, the manner of presentation of information, as well as the language and style of the works relating to the scientific and popular literature, differ somewhat from the actual scientific text.

Thank you for
attention!!!