



The ancient Britons. Their language and culture

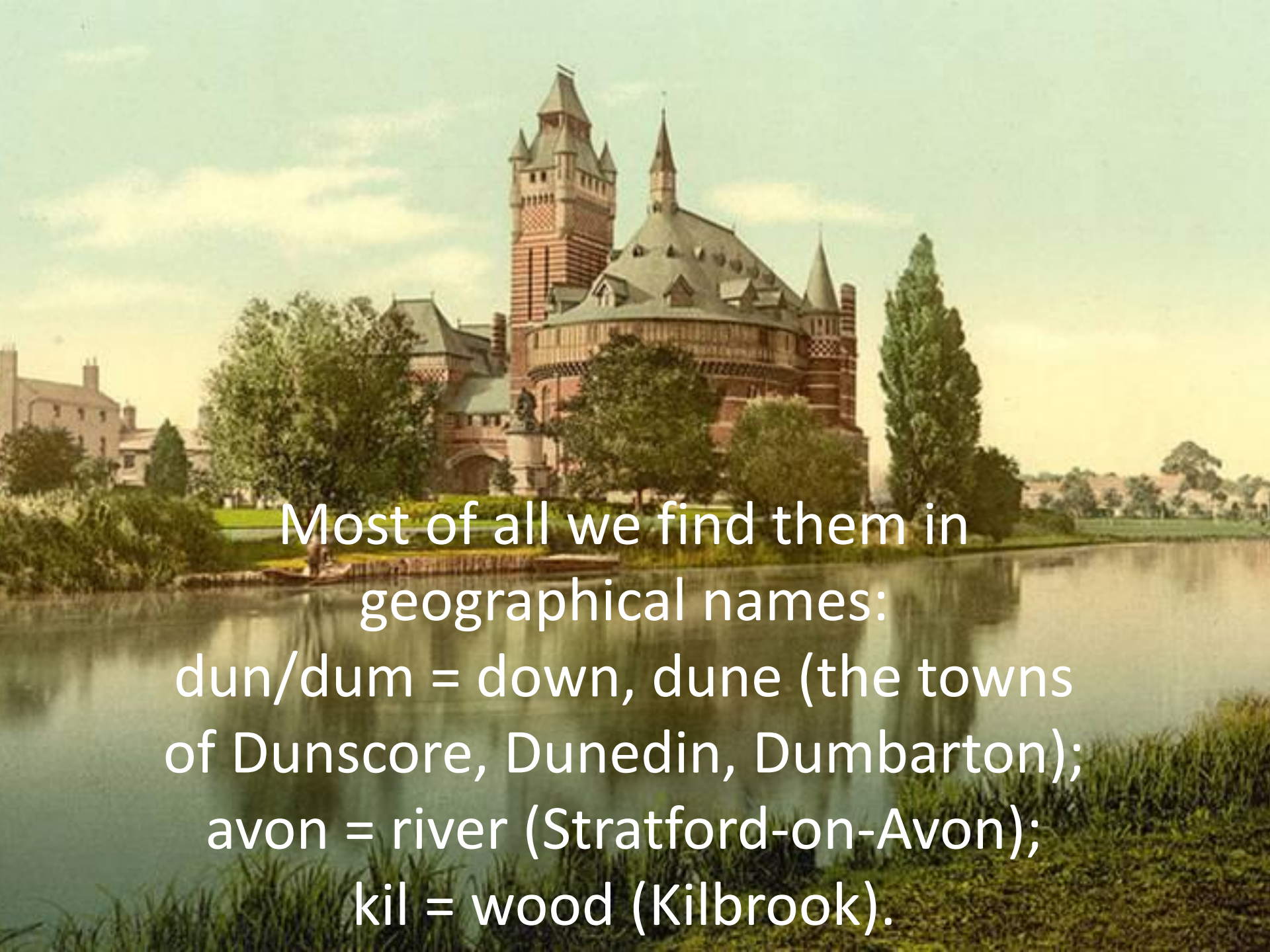
Practical work
10 "B" class
Semonenko Julia

In the 4th century B. C. the country we now call England was known as Britain. One of the tribes who lived there was named the Britons. They belonged to the Celtic race and spoke Celtic.

WÆT WE GARD

na in 700 dazum. þeod cunniga
þrym 7 þrumon huda æþelungas ella
fre medon. of 7 scyld scepnig sceapen
þreatum mones gū mæstun mædo 7 ceap
of ceap eston 7 scyldun 7 ceapen
fea sceap 7 freoðe he þe 7 geþa
weor under polenum 7 ceapen myndan þa
xl: 1 1 1 1 1

There are still some
traces of this language
found in the English of
today.



Most of all we find them in
geographical names:

dun/dum = down, dune (the towns
of Dunscore, Dunedin, Dumbarton);

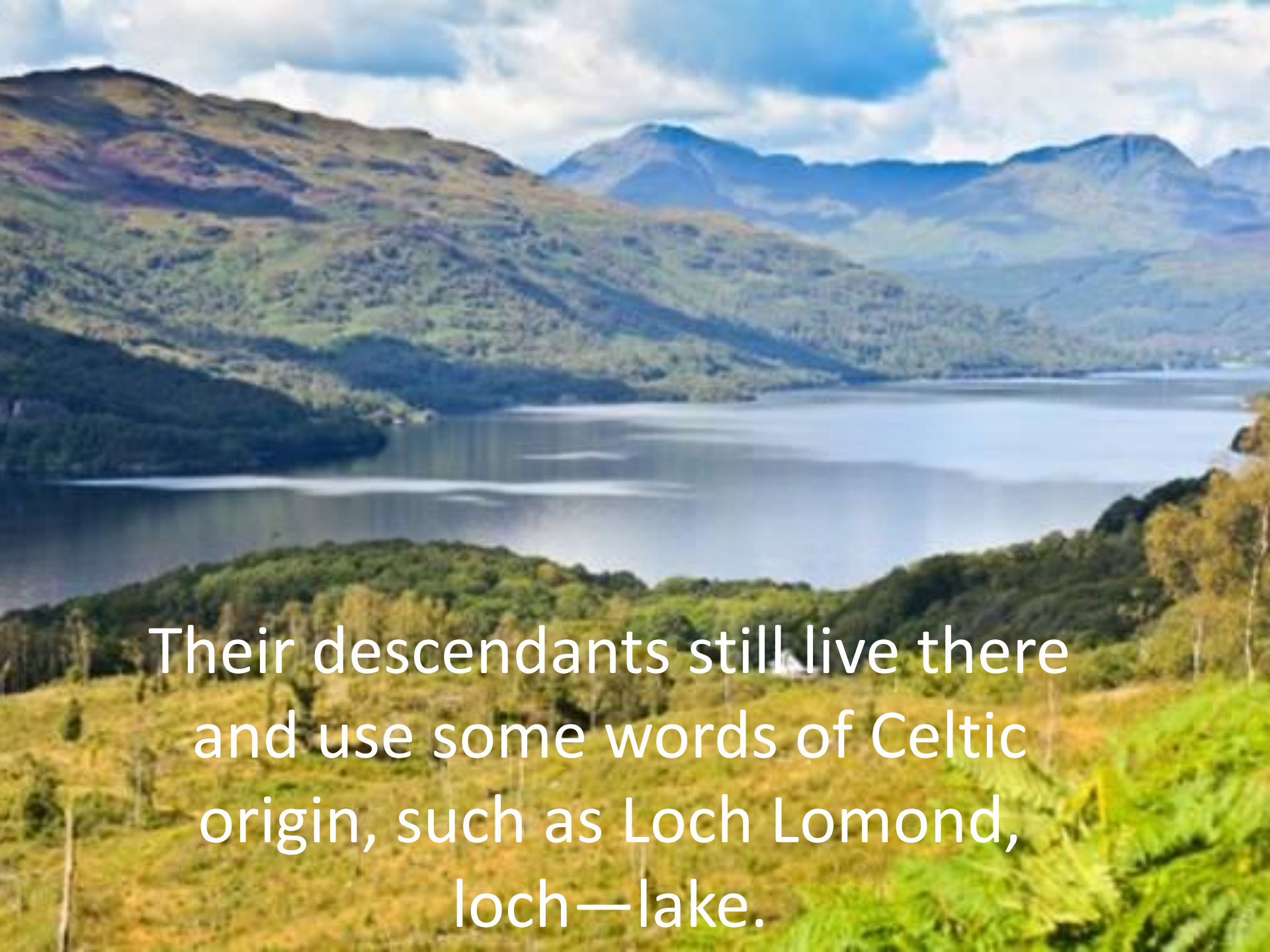
avon = river (Stratford-on-Avon);

kil = wood (Kilbrook).



Another Celtic
tribe Gaels lived in
Ireland, Scotland
and Wales.



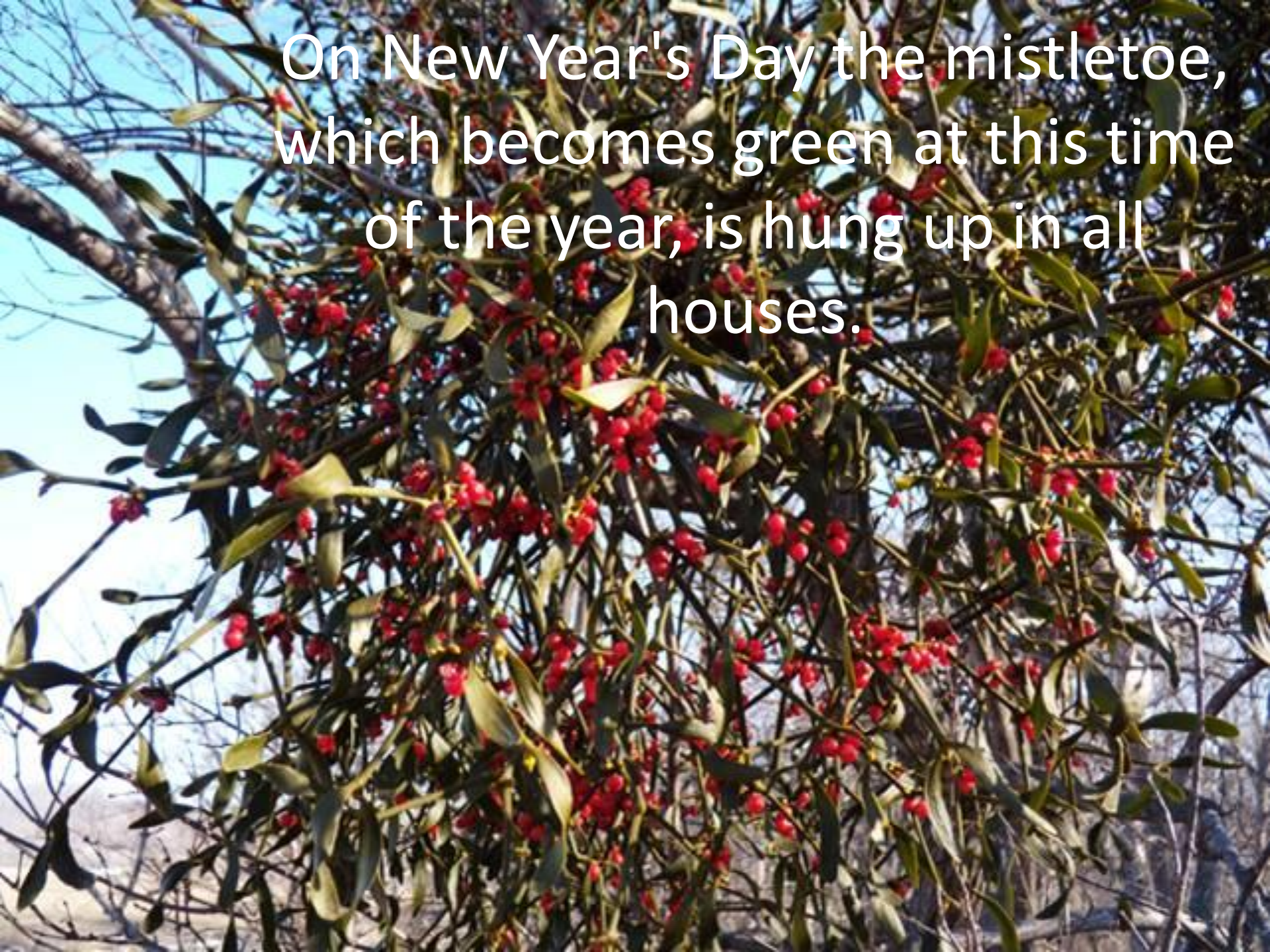


Their descendants still live there
and use some words of Celtic
origin, such as Loch Lomond,
loch—lake.



The Britons had a strange and cruel religion- the religion of the Druids.
Some customs of the Druids are kept in England nowadays.

On New Year's Day the mistletoe, which becomes green at this time of the year, is hung up in all houses.





Thank you for your attention