## THE CASE

#### The points for today's discussion:

- 1. What does the category of case denote?
- 2. Which types of case do you know? Where does the difference lie between them?
- 3. Which types of the genitive case do you know?
- 4. How can the genitive case be formed?
- 5. Which nouns typically have the possessive case?
- 6. Which unanimated nouns can have PC?
- 7. Which way can the proper nouns have the possessive case?
- 8. Which way can the compound nouns have the possessive case?
- 9. How can the word-combinations form the genitive case?
- 10. When is the possessive case formed by the apostrophe only?

CASE IS A NOUNAL GRAMMATICAL CATEGORY EXPRESSING SYNTACTICAL RELATIONS BETWEEN NOUNS EITHER IN A SENTENCE OR IN A WORD-COMBINATION

The definition to know...

### COMMON

- Expresses ANY OTHER RELATIONS (by prepositions)
- Write TO an old friend
- Walk AROUND the city
- Write WITH a pen
- Made BY a man

### **POSSESSIVE**

POSSESSIVE relations between nouns.(four types of relation)

### TYPES OF CASES

- 3. Which types of the genitive case do you know?
- 4. How can the genitive case be formed?
- 5. Which nouns typically have the possessive case?
- 6. Which unanimated nouns can have PC?
- 7. Which way can the proper nouns have the possessive case?
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#### **RELATION DENOTED**

## FORMAL PRESENTATION

- POSSESSION (father's bag)
- PART AND THE WHOLE (house's roof, fox's tail)
- QUALITATIVE (mile's walk, yesterday's paper, world's map)
- SUBSTITUTION(at the butcher's, at the sister's

- DEPENDANT
  GENITIVE (the main noun needed relations 1-3)
- ABSOLUTE GENITIVE (used without main noun *relation 4*

## TYPES OF GENITIVE CASE

- 4. How can the genitive case be formed?
- 5. Which nouns typically have the possessive case?
- 6. Which unanimated nouns can have PC?
- 7. Which way can the proper nouns have the possessive case?
- 8. Which way can the compound nouns have the possessive case?
- 9. How can the word-combinations form the genitive case?
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- One object belongs to one person
   A BOY'S BAG, A WOMAN'S HAT, A MOTHER IN LAW'S ROOM
- <u>several object belong to one person</u>
   BOY'S BAGS; WOMAN'S GLOVES, EDITOR-IN- CHIEF DAUGHTER'S CAT.

one object belongs to a group of people STUDENTS' BAG, CHILDREN'S ROOM, AMARY AND HELEN'S BOOK

<u>several objects belong to a group of people</u> STUDENTS' BAGS, MEN'S ROOMS, LADIES' ROOMS, HELEN AND MARY'S TOYS

## THE WAYS OF POSSESSION



# SO, HOW CAN THE GENITIVE CASE BE FORMED? URRR????

- 5. Which nouns typically have the possessive case?
- 6. Which unanimated nouns can have PC?
- 7. Which way can the proper nouns have the possessive case?
- 8. Which way can the compound nouns have the possessive case?
- 9. How can the word-combinations form the genitive case?
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### **ANIMATE**

- ???
- ????

## **INANIMATE**

- HOUSES' ROOFS
- TREE'S FOLIAGE
- COMPANY'S MANAGER
- BICYCLE'S WHEEL

PART AND TH WHOLE RELATION

- SUBJECTIVE GENITIVE
- LOCATIVE GENITIVE ( DISTANCE, OR LOCATION)

(Tom's steps, Jane's smile)
 He lives at <u>a kilometre's</u>
 <u>distance</u> from here

Moscow is **Russia's** greatest cultural centre.

The «Neva's» cargo consisted of wheat

Russia has **the world's largest deposits of oil**.

TEMPORATIVE GENITIVE (TIME )

It was five days' walk (a five day walk)
Look at Monday's paper
New Year's Day is always a happy holiday

## **QUALITATIVE GENITIVE**

- 7. Which way can the proper nouns have the possessive case?
- 8. Which way can the compound nouns have the possessive case?
- 9. How can the word-combinations form the genitive case?
- 10. When is the possessive case formed by the apostrophe only?

#### TYPE 1

- MAX' FRIEND ( an old friend of Max's)
- LIZ'
- ELISABETH'
- BESS'
- DICKENS'

#### TYPE 2

All the rest

## THE GENITIVE CASE AND PROPER NOUNS

- 8. Which way can the compound nouns have the possessive case?
- 9. How can the word-combinations form the genitive case?
- 10. When is the possessive case formed by the apostrophe only?



# WHICH WAY DO THE COMPOUND NOUNS MAKE THE GENITIVE??

- 9. How can the word-combinations form the genitive case?
- 10. When is the possessive case formed by the apostrophe only?

 IF TWO NOUNS FOLLOW EACH OTHER BUT NOT MAKE A UNIT

**He is the father of my sister's husband.** (Он отец мужа моей сестры – ОТЕЦ МУЖА , НО НЕ СЕСТРЫ...)

IF TWO NOUNS FOLLOW EACH OTHER AND MAKE A UNIT

My elder brother Peter's son is very ill.(Сын моего старшего брата Петра очень болен).

!!!=The son of my elder brother Peter is very ill.

## TO NEVER DO OR DO ALWAYS...

 10. When is the possessive case formed by the apostrophe only?





## SO, WHO CAN ANSWER????



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